

Administration priorities—providing parity to Central Americans and Haitians under NACARA and changing the registry date to allow certain long-term migrants to adjust to legal permanent resident status. These proposals are much-needed and would restore fairness to our immigration system and American families. The registry date and the Central American and Haitian Parity Act proposals would provide good people who have developed ties to this country—families, homes, and roots in their communities—the opportunity to adjust their status. I am extremely disappointed that many in the Congressional majority seem intent on refusing to pass or even vote on these important immigration provisions. One way or another, however, the Congressional majority has an obligation to allow a vote on these issues and to join us in passing these measures of basic justice and fairness. The migrants and their families who would benefit from the registry date proposal have been in immigration limbo for up to two decades and are in desperate need of a resolution to their efforts to become full members of American society. In the case of Central Americans and Haitians, the parity provision would not only provide compassion and fairness for the affected immigrants, but also contribute to the stability and development of democracy and peace in their native countries.

I also urge Congress to pass and fund other Administration priorities that would address the needs of immigrants. Reinstatement of section 245(i) would allow families to stay together while an adjustment of status application is pending. The Administration's FY 2001 budget proposal would fund programs to ensure that immigrants' services have the resources needed to reduce the backlog of applications from people seeking naturalization and adjustment of status.

Finally, I urge Congress to fully fund the Administration's \$75 million request for the English Language/Civics and Lifeskills Initiative that will allow communities to provide more English language courses that are linked to civics and lifeskills instruction to adults with limited English language proficiency. Immigrants are eager to learn English and all about civic responsibility, but the demand for programs outweighs the supply. We need to provide opportunities for these new Americans to become full participants in our society.

For these reasons, Congress should consider and enact these legislative proposals and fund the programs we requested. I commend your leadership in this area, and I look forward to working closely with you to enact these important immigration measures.

Sincerely,

AL GORE.

65TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE SOCIAL SECURITY PROGRAM

Mr. LEVIN. Mr. President, for more than 60 years, the Social Security program has been one of the most successful governmental initiatives this country has ever witnessed. August 14, 2000 marks the 65th anniversary of the Social Security Act, signed by President Franklin D. Roosevelt in 1935. This historic event in 1935 changed the face of America by providing protections for retired workers and for those who face loss of income due to disability or death of the family breadwinner. We must look to the future to ensure a strong Social Security program for every individual in America.

During the time of the Great Depression, jobs were scarce and many were

unable to compete for new employment. President Roosevelt recognized that a change was needed, he called for reform and the Social Security Act was born.

Social Security has changed remarkably over the past six decades. Under the 1935 law, Social Security only paid retirement benefits to the primary worker. A 1939 change in the law added survivor benefits and benefits for the retiree's spouse and children. In 1956 disability benefits were added. Thus, we have seen how Social Security has grown to meet the needs of not only retirees, but also their families.

For many Americans, Social Security has become a crucial component of their financial well-being. In fact, an estimated 42% of the elderly are kept out of poverty because of their Social Security checks. Today more than 44 million people receive retirement, survivor, and disability benefits through the Social Security program, 1.6 million in Michigan. Social Security has had an enormous effect on the lives of millions of working Americans and their families.

As we celebrate this historic event, we remember what America was and how Americans have shaped their country into the prosperous nation that it is today. Since 1935 Social Security has served the American people well and will continue to do so into the future.

VICTIMS OF GUN VIOLENCE

Mr. WELLSTONE. Mr. President, it has been more than a year since the Columbine tragedy, but still this Republican Congress refuses to act on sensible gun legislation.

Since Columbine, thousands of Americans have been killed by gunfire. Until we act, Democrats in the Senate will read some of the names of those who lost their lives to gun violence in the past year, and we will continue to do so every day that the Senate is in session.

In the name of those who died, we will continue this fight. Following are the names of some of the people who were killed by gunfire one year ago today.

July 27: Jesus Campos, 19, Chicago, IL; Steven Conley, 29, Memphis, TN; Stephen Daniels, Jr., 24, Miami-Dade County, FL; Willie G. Dulaney, 68, Memphis, TN; George Julian, 83, Hollywood, FL; Javier Marrero, 18, Chicago, IL; Eric McAlister, 33, Dallas, TX; Charles Oliver, 50, Atlanta, GA; Deondra Stokes, 21, Detroit, MI; Barreto P. Williams, 26, Chicago, IL; Unidentified male, 25, Newark, NJ.

We cannot sit back and allow such senseless gun violence to continue. The deaths of these people are a reminder to all of us that we need to enact sensible gun legislation now.

WELCOMING ZELL MILLER TO THE U.S. SENATE

Mr. REID. Mr. President, today we welcome a new colleague to this body,

former Governor, now Senator ZELL MILLER. We welcome Senator MILLER at the same time that we mourn the passing of his predecessor, PAUL COVERDELL. So it is a bittersweet moment.

ZELL MILLER isn't replacing PAUL COVERDELL. He can't be replaced, rather, I prefer to think he is following the footsteps of a consummate and formidable legislator. I worked closely with Senator COVERDELL to move legislation when people thought legislation couldn't be moved. And I look forward to working with Senator MILLER in that same vain.

In thinking about what I would say about Senator MILLER's arrival to the senate, I ran across a quote by the great Senator J. William Fulbright. He talked about what it takes to be both a legislator and an executive and I think it is a fitting characterization of the work of both PAUL COVERDELL and ZELL MILLER.

Fulbright said: "The legislator is an indispensable guardian of our freedom." "It is true," he said, "that great executives have played a powerful role in the development of civilization, but such leaders appear sporadically, by chance. They do not always appear when they are most needed. The great executives have given inspiration and push to the advancement of human society, but it is the legislator who has given stability and continuity to that slow and painful progress."

ZELL MILLER, to borrow Senator Fulbright's eloquent words, appeared in Georgia when he was most needed. As Governor, he advanced the prospects of the people of Georgia by creating the HOPE scholarship program. The initiative was so successful that President Clinton and the Congress made the HOPE scholarship initiative a national program. As a result, not only do Georgians have the opportunity to pursue their dreams through higher education, so do millions of Americans.

Looking at his career, you learn that ZELL MILLER also understands Sam Rayburn's dictum that "you cannot be a leader, and ask other people to follow you, unless you know how to follow too." Whether it was his service in Marine Corps, his tenure in the Georgia State Senate or as Lieutenant Governor or Governor, he learned leadership by following those who walked the walk before him and then by focusing on what matters most to the American people. The central focus of ZELL MILLER's career has been on what he aptly calls "kitchen table issues." The issues that affect the daily lives of the American people—education, taxes, crime, and health care.

Some may be surprised to learn that ZELL is fulfilling a childhood ambition of serving in the U.S. Senate. According to a recent news report, he wrote to his boyhood friend, Ed Jenkins, in their high school yearbook that "we will be friends forever until and unless you decide to run against me for the